

## BSTAT65-0018

### DC-18GHz 6-bit Digital Controlled Attenuator

### Data Sheet

## I. Product Introduction

BSTAT65-0018 is a high-performance GaAs 6-bit digitally controlled attenuator chip with a frequency range of DC to 18 GHz. Its insertion loss is typically 4 dB, and its basic attenuation levels are 0.5 dB, 1 dB, 2 dB, 4 dB, 8 dB, and 16 dB, for a total attenuation of 31.5 dB.

The chip adopts 0/+5V control and adopts on-chip through-hole metallization process to ensure good grounding, without the need for additional grounding measures.

The back of the chip is metallized, making it suitable for eutectic sintering or conductive adhesive bonding.

## II. Key Technical Indicators

- |                           |                          |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| • Frequency range:        | DC-18GHz                 |
| • Insertion loss:         | 4dB                      |
| • Attenuation bit number: | 6bit                     |
| • Attenuation step:       | 0.5dB                    |
| • Attenuation range:      | 0~31.5dB                 |
| • Chip size:              | 2.40mm × 1.20mm × 0.10mm |

## III. Functional Block Diagram

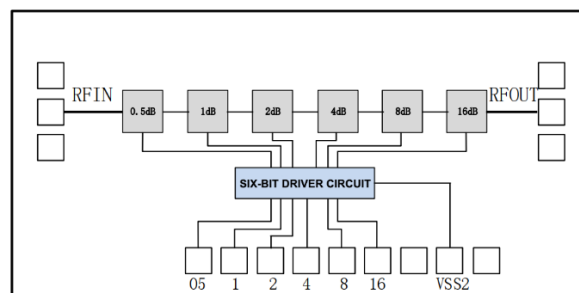


Figure 1

#### IV. Electrical Performance Table ( $T_A = +25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Table 1

| PARAMETER NAME                        | SYMBOL    | MINIMUM              | TYPICAL VALUES | MAXIMUM | UNIT |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|----------------|---------|------|
| Frequency range                       | Freq      | DC                   | —              | 18      | GHz  |
| Insertion loss                        | IL        | 2.8                  | 4              | 4.5     | dB   |
| Attenuation range                     | ATT_Range | 0.5                  | —              | 31.5    | dB   |
| Input return loss                     | RL_IN     | 14                   | 18             | —       | dB   |
| Output return loss                    | RL_OUT    | 14                   | 18             | —       | dB   |
| Attenuation of additional phase shift | Phase_Add | —                    | $\pm 2$        | $\pm 6$ | deg  |
| Switching time                        | —         | —                    | —              | TBD     | ns   |
| Working current                       | $I_{SS}$  | —                    | 2.5            | 4       | mA   |
| Operating voltage                     | $V_{SS}$  | —                    | -5             | —       | V    |
| Control voltage                       | $V_C$     | 0/+5V TTL compatible |                |         | V    |

#### V. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2

| PARAMETER             | LIMIT VALUE                                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Control voltage range | 0~+6.5V                                          |
| Supply voltage range  | -7V                                              |
| Maximum input power   | +25dBm                                           |
| Storage temperature   | -65 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ~ +150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Operating temperature | -55 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ~ +125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

#### VI. Test Curve

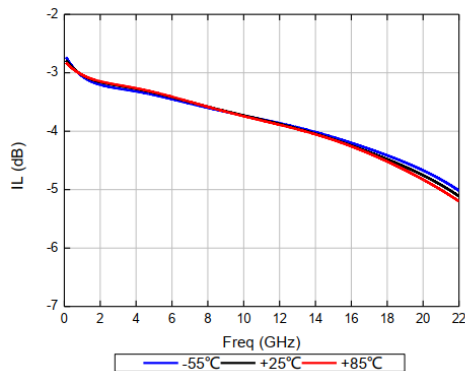


Figure 2. Insertion loss

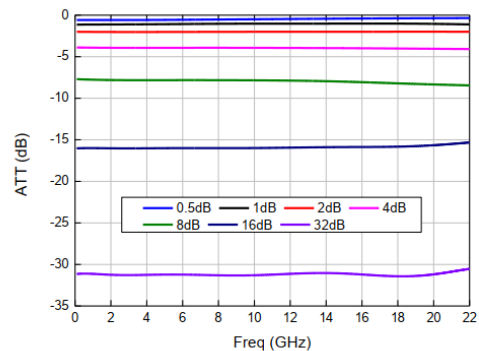


Figure 3. Attenuation (+25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

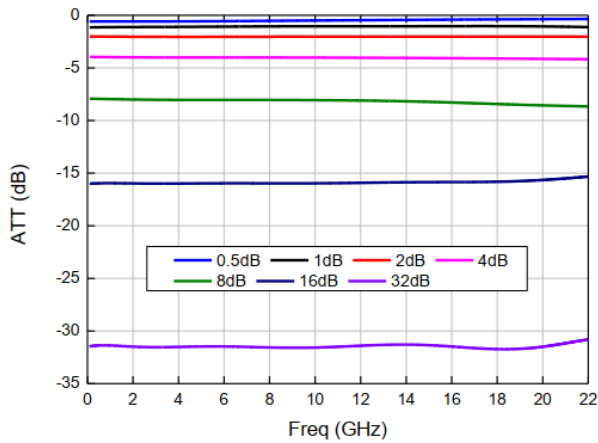


Figure 4. Attenuation (-55°C)

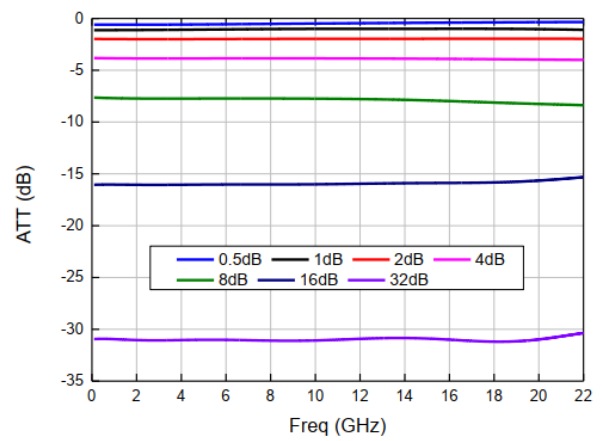


Figure 5. Attenuation (+85°C)

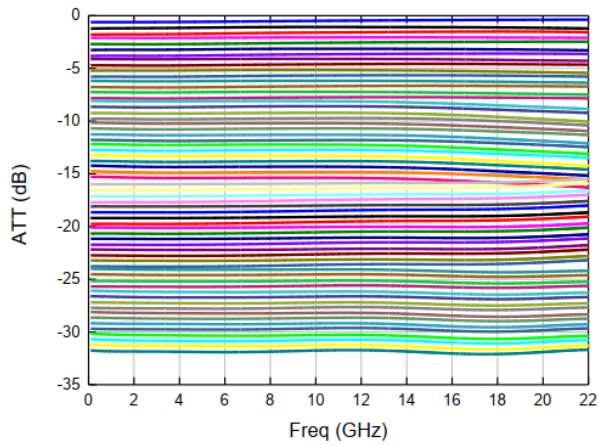


Figure 6. Full-state decay

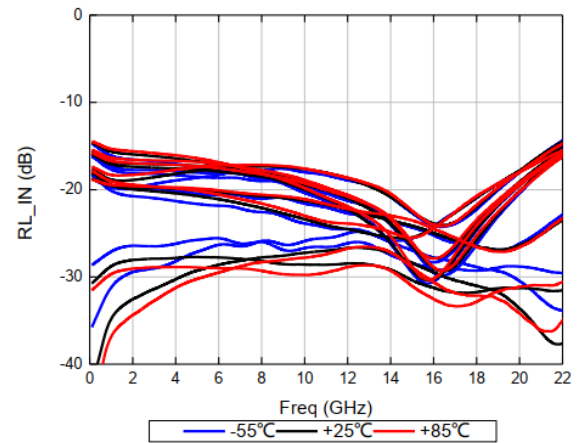


Figure 7. Input return loss

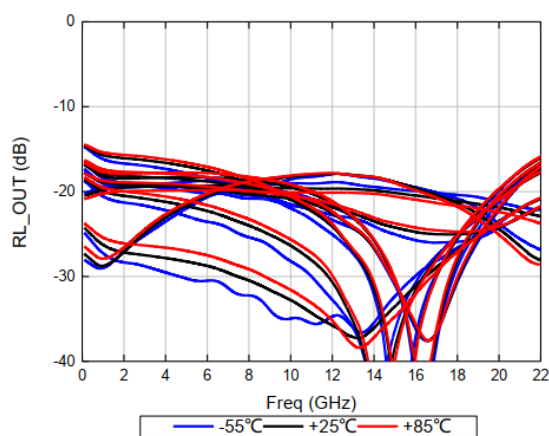


Figure 8. Output return loss

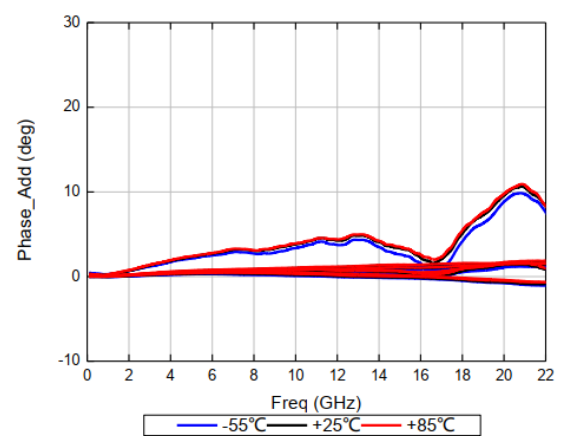


Figure 9. Attenuation of additional phase shift

## VII. Chip Port Diagram (Unit: $\mu\text{m}$ )

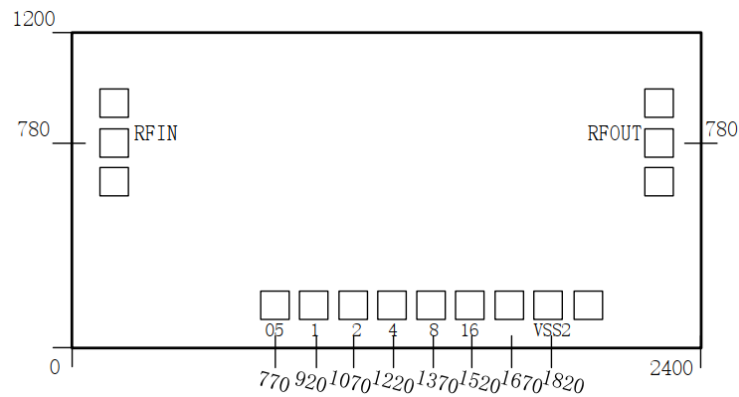


Figure 10

## VIII. Port Definition

Table 3

| PORT NAME          | DEFINITION                    | SIGNAL OR VOLTAGE |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| RFIN               | RF signal input               | RF                |
| RFOUT              | RF signal output              | RF                |
| 05, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 | control signal                | 0/+5V             |
| VSS2               | Negative power supply voltage | -5 $\pm$ 1V       |

## IX. Truth Table

Table 4

| DECAY STATE                    | A1  | A2  | A3  | A4  | A5  | A6  | VSS2 |
|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Ground state / reference state | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | -5V  |
| 0.5dB                          | +5V | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |      |
| 1dB                            | 0   | +5V | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |      |
| 2dB                            | 0   | 0   | +5V | 0   | 0   | 0   |      |
| 4dB                            | 0   | 0   | 0   | +5V | 0   | 0   |      |
| 8dB                            | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | +5V | 0   |      |
| 16dB                           | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | +5V |      |

## X. Assembly Drawing

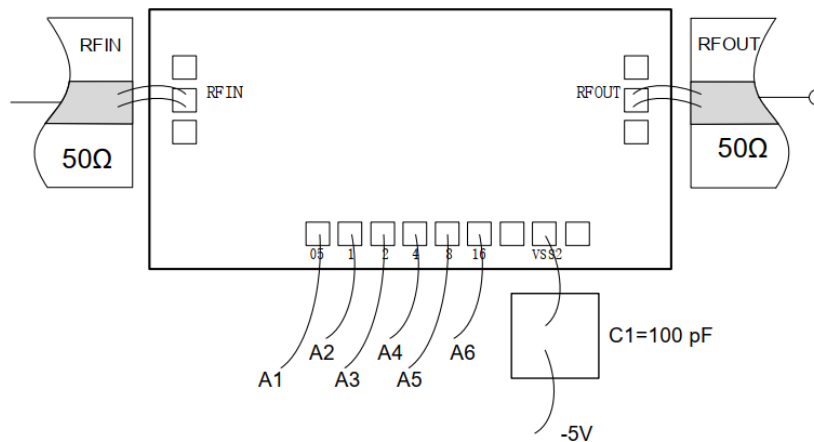


Figure 11

## XI. Precautions

- Assemble and use in a clean environment;
- GaAs material is very brittle and the chip surface is easily damaged (do not touch the surface), so you must be careful when using it;
- Two bonding wires (25μm diameter gold wire) are used for input and output, and the length of the bonding wire is about 400μm;
- The sintering temperature should not exceed 300°C, and the sintering time should be as short as possible, not exceeding 30 seconds;
- This product is an electrostatic sensitive device, please be careful to prevent static electricity during storage and use;
- Store in a dry, nitrogen environment;
- Do not attempt to clean the chip surface with dry or wet chemical methods.